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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/591,587	10/23/2006	Shinichi Hirose	2006_1477A	3395
513	7590	03/04/2010	EXAMINER	
WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P. 1030 15th Street, N.W., Suite 400 East Washington, DC 20005-1503			HIRIYANNA, KELAGINAMANE T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1633	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/04/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/591,587	HIROSE ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	KELAGINAMANE HIRIYANNA	1633	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 October 2009.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 5 and 6 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 5 and 6 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ . |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/04/2006</u> . | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ . |

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's response filed on 10/19/2009 in response to office action mailed on 04/17/2009 has been acknowledged.

Claims 1-4 canceled.

Claims 5 & 6 are new

Claims 5 & 6 are pending and are examined in this office action

*Applicants are required to follow Amendment Practice under revised 37 CFR §1.121. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is **571-273-8300**.*

Withdrawn: Claims 1-4 rejection under 102(a) as being anticipated by Saito et al., (2004, J. Pharmacol. Sci. 93 (Suppl. I):102P; art of record) for the reasons of record as set forth in the office action mailed on 04/17/2009 is withdrawn in view of Applicants declaration/Affidavits filed under 37 CFR §1.131 filed on 04/17/2009.

Withdrawn: Claims 1-4 rejection under 35 USC 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Rozycka et al (2003, Epilepsia 44:1113-1117; art of record) in view Matsuhima et al (2002, Epilepsy Research 48:181-186; art of record) for the reasons of record as set forth in the office action mailed on 04/17/2009 is withdrawn in view of Applicants cancellation of cited claims and further in view of the modified 35USC103 rejection below addressing the new claims.

Withdrawn: Claims 1-4 rejection under 35 USC 1121st paragraph (scope of enablement) for the reasons of record as set forth in the office action mailed on 04/17/2009 is withdrawn in view of Applicants cancellation of cited claims and further in view of restricted scope of the newly filed claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 USC 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Matsuhima et al (2002, Epilepsy Research 48:181-186; art of record) and in view of McColl et al (2003, Neuropharmacology 44:234-243).

The above claims are drawn to a transgenic rat that comprises in its genome a mutant CHRNA transgene encoding the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:3 with the mutation S286L and said transgene is operably linked to a promoter and expressed in brain of the transgenic rat said transgenic animal develops a phenotype of spontaneous epileptic seizures during sleep. In further limitations said transgene is fused to a promoter of a gene that is specifically expressed in cerebrum cortex and hippocampus. In still further limitations said transgenic animal is a rat having the nucleotide SEQ ID NO:2 which carries nucleotide base changes at position 865 from C to T and at position 866 from T to C.

Regarding above claims Matsuhima clearly teaches that the electrophysiological characteristics of an acetylcholine receptor with a rat chrna4 mutant with a mutation corresponding to human Ser284Leu of CHRNA4 and reconstituted in xenopus oocytes produced a receptor with changed electrophysiological properties (entire article, abstract). This suggested that a mutation in amino acid corresponding Ser284 of CHRNA4 in non-

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human animal systems lead to reduced acetylcholine receptor activity similar to that is found in alpha4-subunit mutation harboring of ADFNLE patients (entire article; abstract; p.182 col.1-2; p.184 col.2 bridging p.185). Regarding the difference in the mutant amino acid position in CHRNA polypeptide of rat (SEQ ID NO:3) as compared to that of humans (CHRNA S284) the prior art clearly teaches several sequence alignment methodologies (e.g. Clustal-W sequence alignment program) that one of skill would use to figure out the corresponding amino acid or nucleotide positions in the orthologs and in other phylogenetically related genes. Matsuhima also clearly teaches that the corresponding location (position#) of the amino acid S284 of human CHRNA4 may vary in CHRNA4 of different animals (p.182 col.1, 3rd paragraph; p.184, col.2) and further teaches that said mutant CHRNA transgene reduces acetyl choline receptors similar to other mutations in the alpha4 subunit found in atuosomal dominant NFLE (entire article; abstract; p.182 col.1; p.184, col.2) i.e., by dominant negative effect on the receptor function and further envisions that experimental animal models bearing mutations in CHRNA4 would be a good model for ADNFLE (p.185, col.1, 3rd paragraph). Matsuhima however does not teach making a transgenic animals or rat with a mutant CHRNA transgene.

McColl teaches developing transgenic mice that are transgenic or knockout with respect to CHRNA4 mutations that are associated with ADNFLE (entire article, abstract). McColl further teaches that an in vitro mutant CHRNA4 functional studies with the alpha-4 polypeptide mutations for example S252L and S284L (that corresponds to rat S286L) suggest receptor hypofunction and further teaches making mouse carrying mutations or

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deletions in CHRNA4 that results in hypo-function of the receptors and exhibiting certain phenotypes of ADNFLE (entire article, abstract).

Further regarding dependent claim limitation of mutating the specific nucleotides of the codon (at position 865 from C to T and at position 866 from T to C) so as to encode said mutated amino acid, one of skill in the art is well aware of the sequences required for encoding the amino acids, and hence, the specific mutations in the encoding sequence are obvious.

Thus it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to generate a transgenic rat by introducing a mutant CHRNA transgene corresponding mutation (e.g., S284L of humans or S286L of rats) that cause epilepsy (ADFNLE) in humans as taught by Matsuhima and develop an animal model with ADNFLE phenotype because of receptor hypofunction as taught by McColl with transgenic mice.. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make and use a transgenic mouse or a rat with a corresponding human disease causing mutation, as it would provide an appropriate model system for drug screening and experimental therapy of ADNFLE. One of skill in the art would have a reasonable expectation of success making using a transgenic mutant animal with a mutation corresponding to human S284L or rat S286L because the prior art clearly teaches that this would result in hypofunction of nicotinic AChRs and would lead to a ADNFLE phenotype and the art further amply teaches the general methodologies for generating transgenic mice and rats. Thus, the claimed invention was *prima facie* obvious.

Conclusion:

No claim allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner *Kelaginamane Hiriyanna Ph.D.*, whose telephone number is **(571) 272-3307**. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 9 AM-7PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, *Joseph Woitach Ph.D.*, may be reached at **(571) 272-0739**. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair>-

direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). When calling please have your application serial number or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. For all other customer support, please call the USPTO call center (UCC) at (800) 786-9199.

/Robert M Kelly/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1633